



<b>Response</b>	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Other hazards</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	82.28% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 82.28% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ACETONE		67-64-1	42.69
N-BUTANE		106-97-8	14.82
TOLUENE		108-88-3	12.53
PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE		108-65-6	1.93
METHYL ETHYL KETONE		78-93-3	1.79
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		13463-67-7	1.21
XYLENE		1330-20-7	1.03
1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE		872-50-4	0.85
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE		85-68-7	0.64
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	0.22
CARBON BLACK		1333-86-4	0.2
Other components below reportable levels			22.0891

All concentrations are in percent by weight (kg) unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume (l).

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	Level 3 Aerosol.  Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	500 ppm	
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3
	TWA	750 ppm
		1200 mg/m3
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	500 ppm
		3.5 mg/m3
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	125 ppm
		434 mg/m3
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm
		885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
		1000 ppm
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3
		188 mg/m3
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	50 ppm
		651 mg/m3
		150 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	434 mg/m3
		150 ppm
		100 ppm

#### Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	Inhalable
	TWA	250 ppm	
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	600 ppm	

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6)	STEL	75 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value
1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	400 mg/m3
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3.5 mg/m3
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	125 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	800 ppm
PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	270 mg/m3
		50 ppm
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3.5 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m3	
	TWA	125 ppm 434 mg/m3	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm 300 mg/m3	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	50 ppm 1900 mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	800 ppm 10 mg/m3	Total dust.
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	50 ppm 651 mg/m3	
	TWA	150 ppm 434 mg/m3 100 ppm	

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

**US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Urine	*
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines****Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation**

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation**

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation**

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

**Other** Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

**Physical state** Liquid.

**Form** Aerosol. Liquefied gas.

**Color** Not available.

**Odor** Not available.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** -305.68 °F (-187.6 °C) estimated

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** -43.78 °F (-42.1 °C) estimated

**Flash point** -156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) estimated

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**

**Flammability limit - lower (%)** 1.3 % estimated

**Flammability limit - upper (%)** 12.8 % estimated

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** Not available.

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** Not available.

Vapor pressure	2283.47 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	550 °F (287.78 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
Density	6.06 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IA estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	30.2 kJ/g estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	91.11
Specific gravity	0.73
VOC	2.94 lbs/gal Material 351.78 g/l Material 580.02 g/l Regulatory 4.84 lbs/gal Regulatory

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Fluorine. Chlorine.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE (CAS 872-50-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	5130 mg/kg



Components	Species	Test Results
	Rat	3914 mg/kg 4.2 ml/kg
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Mouse	6700 mg/kg
	Rat	6700 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	13500 mg/kg
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 8000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	11000 ppm, 45 Minutes
	Rat	11700 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	670 mg/kg
	Rat	2300 - 3500 mg/kg
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	680 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	658 mg/l, 4 Hours
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg 14.1 ml/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	5320 ppm, 8 Hours
		400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours
		12200 ppm, 2 Hours
		8000 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.  
**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant**

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7) Irritant

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

**ACGIH Carcinogens**

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.  
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.  
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.  
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.  
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.  
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

**Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity**

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.  
CARBON BLACK, INHALABLE FRACTION (CAS 1333-86-4) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.  
ETHYL BENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.  
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.  
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.  
XYLENE (O, M AND P ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.  
CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.  
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.  
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.  
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.  
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
<b>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 0.96 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Shiner perch (Cymatogaster aggregata)	0.47 - 0.56 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)</b>			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE	-0.54
ACETONE	-0.24
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	4.91
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	0.29
N-BUTANE	2.89

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

TOLUENE	2.73
XYLENE	3.12 - 3.2

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

### 14. Transport information

#### TDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, Flammable
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not available.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

#### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, Flammable
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	

**Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed.

**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed.

#### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, Flammable
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	Not available.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

IATA; IMDG; TDG



#### General information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

## 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian regulations

#### Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

#### Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

#### Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

#### Precursor Control Regulations

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	Class B
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	Class B
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	Class B

### International regulations

#### Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

#### Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

#### Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

#### Basel Convention

Not applicable.

### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other Information

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