

GAP PROFESSIONAL PRODUCTS

Safety Data Sheet GAP Ready 2 Go! HVAC Evap. Disinfectant Foam

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name GAP Ready 2 Go! HVAC Evap. Disinfectant Foam

Product number 88270

Brand GAP Professional Products

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

HVAC Evaporator Disinfectant/Cleaner

Professional Automotive, Industrial, or Commercial uses Only. Not for general consumer use.

1.4 Supplier's details

Name GAP Professional Products

Address 122 Route 105

Keswick Ridge NB E6L 1B1

Canada

 Telephone
 (506) 363-9708

 Fax
 (506) 363-4241

 email
 info@gapauto.com

1.5 Emergency phone number

For Medical or Transport Emergencies / Pour les urgences médicales ou de

transport

CANUTEC (24 Hours) (613) 996-6666

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: WHMIS 2015

- Carcinogenicity, Cat. 1A
- Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 1B
- Aerosols, Cat. 1

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms



1. Health hazard; 2. Flame

Signal word Danger

H340 May cause genetic defects [route]

H350 May cause cancer [route]
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol

H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Component	Concentration
N-BUTANE (CAS no.: 106-97-8; EC no.: 203-448-7; Index no.: 601-004-01-8)	15 - 20 % (weight)
CLASSIFICATIONS: Flammable gases, Cat. 1; Fail: No text found to return.; Carcinogenicity, C	Cat. 1A; Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 1B. HAZARDS: H220 -
Extremely flammable gas; H340 - May cause genetic defects [route]; H350 - May cause cano	cer [route].

Propane gas (CAS no.: 74-98-6; EC no.: 200-827-9; Index no.: 601-003-00-5)

5 - 10 % (weight)

CLASSIFICATIONS: Flammable gases, Cat. 1; Gases under pressure, compressed gas; US Simple asphyxiants; USH301. HAZARDS: H220 - Extremely flammable gas; H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Alkyl C12-16 Dimethylbenzyl Ammonium Chloride (CAS no.: 68424-85-1; EC no.: 270-325-2)

< 1 % (weight)

CLASSIFICATIONS: Acute toxicity, dermal, Cat. 3; Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 3; Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 1; Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute), Cat. 1; Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1C. HAZARDS: H301 - Toxic if swallowed; H311 - Toxic in contact with skin; H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; H318 - Causes serious eye damage; H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

N-Lauroylsarcosine Sodium salt (CAS no.: 137-16-6; EC no.: 205-281-5)

< 1 % (weight)

CLASSIFICATIONS: No data available. HAZARDS: No data available.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled If affected, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

If breathing has stopped, give artifical respiration. Keep person warm, quiet, and

get medical attention

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and

plenty of water. Consult a physician

In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a

physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

If swallowed DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call physician immediately. If conscious give lots of

water or milk. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing

person.

Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wear personal protective clothing (see section

8).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Regular foam, waterfog, carbon dioxide or dry chemical. Keep containers cool with water spray using fog nozzles.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights and other flames in locations distant from the material handling point.

Propane gas: Carbon oxides

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. Can ignite at room temperature. Releases vapour that can form explosive mixture with air. Sprayed product will project a flame on contact with an ignition source. Do not use on vehicles unless cool. Containers may explode if heated. Vapours are heavier than air. May travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back to a leak or open container.

Carbon oxides, and other unidentified organic compounds.

Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Secrtion 8 for recommended personel protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Solvents

LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of spill to prevent further movement. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SMALL SPILLS: Contain and absorb with absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Dispose of according to local, and Provincial regulations for products containing petroleum distillates.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Keep in original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Do not store under freezing conditions or above 49 C (120 F). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Keep out of reach from children.

Specific end use(s)

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. Propane gas (CAS: 74-98-6)

PEL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 1800 mg/m3 (OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (Cal/OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 1000 ppm (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

2. N-BUTANE (CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7)

TWA: 1450 mg/m3 STEL: 1810 mg/m3

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Splash goggles

Skin protection

Chemical resistant gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Wash and dry hands after use.

Body protection

Skin Protection: Protective gloves (for hands). Long sleeve shirts and pants should be worn to protect exposed skin.

Respiratory protection

Recommended: Dust mask or Respirator should be worn if product is used in confined space or used for a prolonged period of time.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance, such as physical state and colour	Clear liquid
Odour	Perfumed

Odour threshold

pH 10.5

Melting point and freezing point 0 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range 100 °C

Flash point >100 °C

Evaporation rate 2.8 (l'eau = 1)

Flammability, in the case of solids and gases Extremely flammable aerosol Upper and lower flammability or explosive limits 12.7% (upper); 2% (lower)

Vapour pressure < 12 hPa

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Vapour density} & \mbox{Not Determined} \\ \mbox{Relative density} & 1,00 - 1,01 \mbox{ g/cm}^3 \\ \mbox{Solubility} & 100\% \mbox{ soluble} \\ \mbox{Partition coefficient} - \mbox{n-octanol/water} & \mbox{Not Determined} \end{array}$

Auto-ignition temperature 399 °C

Decomposition temperature Not Determined Viscosity Not Determined

Additional properties

Physical state Liquid Colour Clear

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

None under normal use conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Do not store at temperatures under: 3 °C

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with acids and strong oxidizers such as permanganate, chlorine, ectoderm. Do not store near acids, carbon dioxide (CO2), and strong oxidizers such as permanganate, chlorine, ectoderm.

Isopropanol: Oxidizing agents, Acid anhydrides, Aluminium, Halogenated compounds, Acids

Propane gas: Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

After water evaporates, burning may produce oxides of carbon, traces of sulfur and nitrogen oxides and various hydrocarbons

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

LD50 Oral - Rat - 344 mg/kg

Citation: U.S. Army, Environmental Hygiene Agency Reports. Vol. 5177T7-66/1967,

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - 3340 mg/kg

Citation: U.S. Army, Environmental Hygiene Agency Reports. Vol. 5177T7-66/1967,

N-Lauroylsarcosine Sodium salt LD50 Oral - Rat - >5000 mg/kg

N-Lauroylsarcosine Sodium salt LC50 Inhalation (vapour) - 1.67 mg/L - 4 hrs

N-Lauroylsarcosine Sodium salt

LC50 Inhalation (aerosol) - >0.5 mg/L - 4 hrs

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting, dermatitis.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irratation and central nervous system effects including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possibleunconsciousness.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity: Ingredients not listed by OSHA, NTP, IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Not Available

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Primary route of entry: A) Skin B) Inhalation

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Pre-existing skin, eye and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to product.

Additional information

Heptane: guinea pig LC inhalation > 17937ppm/4H (17937ppm) National Technical Information Service. Vol. OTS0556754,

human TCLo inhalation 1000ppm/6M (1000ppm) BEHAVIORAL: "HALLUCINATIONS, DISTORTED PERCEPTIONS" "U.S. Bureau of Mines Report of Investigation No. 2979," Patty, F.A., and W.P. Yant, 1929Vol. 2979, Pg. -, 1929.

mouse LCLo inhalation 59gm/m3/41M (59000mg/m3) BEHAVIORAL: CONVULSIONS OR EFFECT ON SEIZURE THRESHOLD Biochemische Zeitschrift. Vol. 115, Pg. 235, 1921.

mouse LD50 intravenous 222mg/kg (222mg/kg) Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences. Vol. 67, Pg. 566, 1978. Link to PubMed

rat LC50 inhalation 103gm/m3/4H (103000mg/m3) Gigiena Truda i Professional'nye Zabolevaniya. Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases. Vol. 32(10), Pg. 23, 1988.

N-BUTANE: *TOXICITY:

typ. dose mode specie amount units other LC50 ihl rat 658 gm/m3/4H LC50 ihl mus 680 gm/m3/2H

*AQTX/TLM96: Not available

*SAX TOXICITY EVALUATION:

THR: Mildly toxic via inhalation. Causes drowsiness. An asphyxiant.

*CARCINOGENICITY: Not available

*MUTATION DATA:

test lowest dose | test lowest dose

Not available	
*TERATOGENICITY: Not available	
*STANDARDS, REGULATIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS:	
OSHA: Federal Register (1/19/89)	
Final Limit: PEL-TWA 800 ppm [015,545,610]	
ACGIH: TLV-TWA 800 ppm [015,415,610]	
NIOSH Criteria Document: None	
NFPA Hazard Rating: Health (H): 1	
Flammability (F): 4	
Reactivity (R): 0	
H1: Materials only slightly hazardous to health (see NFPA	A for details).
F4: Very flammable gases or very volatile flammable liqu	ids (see NFPA
for details).	
RO: Materials which are normally stable even under fire	
and which are not reactive with water (see NFPA for det	ails).
*OTHER TOXICITY DATA:	
Standards and Regulations: DOT-IMO: Flammable gas; La	ibel: Flammable Gas
Status: EPA TSCA Chemical Inventory, 1986	
EPA TSCA Test Submission (TSCATS) Data Base, Septemb	er 1989
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alky	dimethyl, chlorides: From NIH:
mouse LD50 intraperitoneal 200mg/kg (200 mg/kg) L	.S. Army, Environmental Hygiene Agency Reports. Vol.
5177T7-66/1967,	
mouse LD50 oral 919mg/kg (919 mg/kg) U.S. Army, E	nvironmental Hygiene Agency Reports. Vol. 5177T7-66/1967,
rat LD50 intraperitoneal 100mg/kg (100 mg/kg) U.S. A	Army, Environmental Hygiene Agency Reports. Vol. 5177T7-66/1967,
rat LD50 oral 426mg/kg (426 mg/kg) U.S. Army, Envir	onmental Hygiene Agency Reports. Vol.
CTION 12: Ecological information	
Toxicity	
	ROMENTAL DATA: No known significant effects or critical hazards
ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Not Available	
Persistence and degradability	
r eraistence and degradability	

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: Readily biodegradable per Lonza study and OECD 302a . http://dissemination.echa.europa.eu/Biocides/ActiveSubstances/0063-08/Data_009.pdf

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Dispose of accordance in local, and provincial regulations for solvent materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN Number	None
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name	None
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	None
14.4	Packing group	None
14.5	Environmental hazards	None
14.6	Special precautions for user	None
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

These SDS are written in an effort to provide information to the worker in the workplace and in such a way it can be understood. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

16.2 Preparation information

Prepared by: C. Gourley